

# Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

<b>Product</b>	<b>Kixx Process PO 2</b>		
<b>Team</b>	<b>Date of first preparation</b>	<b>Date of last revision</b>	<b>Revision Number</b>
<b>Finished Lubricants R&amp;D Team</b>	<b>2012-11-30</b>	<b>2017-10-26</b>	<b>4</b>

## 1. Chemical Product and Company Information

- 1) Product : Kixx Process PO 2
- 2) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
  - Recommended use : Lubricants, Process Oil
  - Restrictions on use :
- 3) Manufacture/Supplier information
  - Supply company : GS Caltex Corporation
  - Address : Nonhyeon-ro 508(Yeoksam-dong), Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
  - Information service or emergency call : 82-2-1899-5145
  - Department in charge : Finished Lubricants R&D Team

## 2. Hazards Identification

- 1) Classification of the substance or mixture
  - Aspiration hazard, Category 1
- 2) GHS labels, including precautionary statements
  - Symbol



- Signal word : Danger
- Hazard statement
  - H304                      May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Precautionary statement
  - Prevention
  - Response
    - P301+P310              IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POSION CENTER/doctor/...
    - P331                      Do NOT induce vomiting.
  - Storage
    - P405                      Store locked up.

- Disposal  
P501

Dispose of contents/container to ...

3) Other hazards which do not result in classification

Component	NFPA	Health	Fire	Reactivity
1. Hydrotreated light paraffinic		1	1	0

### 3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Component	Synonyms	CAS No.	Content(%)
1. Hydrotreated light paraffinic	Hydrotreated (severe) heavy paraffinic distillate	64742-55-8	100

### 4. First Aid Measures

1) Eye contact :

- Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

2) Skin contact :

- Remove contaminated clothing.

Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.

If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur.

If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital.

Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

Obtain medical attention even in the absence of apparent wounds.

3) Inhalation :

- No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

- If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

4) Ingestion :

- If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

If any of the following delayed signs and symptoms appear within the next 6 hours,

transport to the nearest medical facility: fever greater than 101° F (38.3°C), shortness of breath, chest congestion or continued coughing or wheezing.

5) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed :

- If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever.

The onset of respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure.

Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.

Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas.

Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

6) First-aid treatment and information on medical doctors :

- Treat symptomatically. Potential for chemical pneumonitis.

Consider: gastric lavage with protected airway, administration of activated charcoal.

High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function.

Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary.

Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia.

Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign

material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and wide exploration is essential.

Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

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## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

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1) Recommended(or prohibited) extinguishing media

- Recommended extinguishing media :

- Dry chemicals, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray, fire fighting foam

- Prohibited extinguishing media :

- High pressure water shoot

- Large fire :

- fire fighting foam or water spray

2) Specific hazard from chemical material

- Toxicant from combustion : Carbon oxides

- Fire and Explosion Hazards: Slight fire risk

3) Extinguishment :

If it is not dangerous, remove containers from fire areas.

Make hills for further treatment.

avoid Inhalation of material oneself or combustion generation material

Stand against the wind and avoid lower zone.

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## 6. Accidental Release Measures

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1) Necessary actions to protect human health :

If it is not dangerous, stop release safely, do so.

Keep away from water supply facilities and sewage.

Avoid inhalation of materials or combustion products

Avoid heat, flame, spark, and other ignition sources.

2) Necessary actions to protect the environment

- May contaminate water supplies/pollute public waters. Evacuate/limit access.

Equip responders with proper protection.

Prevent flow to sewer/public waters. Stop release. Notify fire and environmental authorities.

Restrict water use for cleanup.

### 3) Purification and removal methods

- Small leak : Only authorized person can access to the hazardous and restricted areas.  
Collect spills with proper containers to treat them.  
Absorb spills with sand and other non-combustible materials.
- Large leak : No data

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## 7. Handling and Storage

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### 1) Safety handling :

- Avoid contact with skin. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.
- Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.
- Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

### 2) Storage :

- Storage in closed containers.
- Storage in cool and dry areas.
- Ventilation keeps it in a region
- Keep away from prohibited materials for mixing.

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## 8. Exposure Control and Personal Protection

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### A. Exposure limits and biological exposure limits of chemical

#### 1) Hydrotreated light paraffinic

- ACGIH : TWA : No data  
STEL : No data
- NIOSH : TWA : No data  
STEL : No data
- Biological exposure limits : No data

### B. Engineering management :

- Ventilation equipment should be explosion-proof if explosive concentrations of dust, vapor or fume are present.
- Install local ventilation system.
- Comply with limits.

### C. Personal protection equipment :

- Respiratory protection :  
If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable.  
Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: Half-face filter respirator
- Eyes protection :  
Safety glasses or goggles are recommended for the eyes protection from dusts or mists. A business proprietor should install eyes washing facilities near working areas to protect worker's eyes for emergency.

- Hands protection :  
Use proper chemical resistant gloves.
- Human body protection :  
Use proper chemical resistant clothes.

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## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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- 1) Appearance : Clear, light yellow liquid
- 2) Odor : a specific smell of Hydrocarbon
- 3) Odor threshold : No data
- 4) pH : No data
- 5) Melting point/freezing point : No data
- 6) Initial boiling point or boiling range : 300~500 °C
- 7) Flash point : 158 °C (C.O.C.)
- 8) Evaporation rate (BuAc=1) : No data
- 9) Flammability(solid, gas) : No data
- 10) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : No data
- 11) Vapor pressure : <0.1 Kpa @ 20 °C
- 12) Solubility : No data
- 13) Vapor density : No data
- 14) Relative density : 0.83
- 15) Partition coefficient: n-octano/water : No data
- 16) Auto-ignition temperature : No data
- 17) Decomposition temperature : No data
- 18) Viscosity : 2.1 cSt(100 °C)
- 19) Molecular weight : No data

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## 10. Stability and Reactivity

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- 1) Chemical stability :
  - Stable at room temperature and pressure.
- 2) Toxicant generation possibility during reaction :
  - Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
- 3) Prohibited conditions :
  - Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
- 4) Prohibited materials :
  - Strong oxidising agents.
- 5) Toxicant during decomposition :
  - Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

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## 11. Toxicological Information

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### A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

- Inhalation : May cause slight irritation
- Ingestion : May cause vomit, coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness.
- Skin contact : May cause slight skin irritation.
- Eye contact : May cause slight eye irritation.

### B. Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short or long term exposure

#### 1) Hydrotreated light paraffinic

- Acute oral toxicity
  - Oral : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rat
  - Dermal : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rabbit
  - Inhalation : LC50 = 2.18mg/L (4hr) Rat
- Skin corrosion/irritation : slight irritation (Rabbit)
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No irritating (Rabbit)
- Respiratory sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Skin sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Carcinogenicity : MOL, OSHA, IARC : No data
- Germ cell mutagenicity : Negative (Ames test)
- Reproductive toxicity : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(single exposure) : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(repeated exposure) : No data
- Aspiration hazard : No data

### C. Numerical measures of toxicity(such as ATE) : No data

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## 12. Ecological Information

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A. Hazardous to the aquatic environment :

- Fish : No data
- Crustacea : No data
- Algae : No data

B. Persistence and degradability :

- No data

C. Bioaccumulative potential

- Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

D. Mobility in soil :

- No data

E. Other adverse effects :

- No data

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## 13. Disposal Considerations

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1) Disposal methods :

Use only licensed transporters and permitted facilities for waste disposal.

2) Disposal cautions :

Dispose according to the related regulations

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## 14. Transport Information

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This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

1) UN number : Not applicable

2) UN Proper Shipping Name : Not applicable

3) Transport hazard classes : Not applicable

4) Packing group, if applicable : Not applicable

5) Environmental hazards : Not applicable

6) Special precautions for user : Not applicable

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## 15. Regulatory Information

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A. Industrial safety and health act (Korea)

Not determined

B. Chemical control act (Korea)

Not determined

C. Dangerous Goods Safe Control Act (Korea)

Category 4 Dangerous Goods (Flammable Liquids), Grade 3 petroleum chemicals

D. Wastes control act (Korea)

No data

E. Other internal and foreign acts

EU classification : Not determined

U.S. acts

- |                             |                |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| - OSHA (29CFR1910.119) :    | Not determined |
| - CERCLA 103 (40CFR302.4) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 302 (40CFR355.30) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 304 (40CFR355.40) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 313 (40CFR372.65) : | Not determined |

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## 16. Other Information

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1) References

- Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency
- GS Caltex R&D Center
- MSDS of raw material from supplier
- KOSHANET
- Occupation safety and health acts of Korea
- Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals (GHS), First revised edition, United Nations
- EINECS(European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
- ACGIH(American Conference of Governmental Safety and Health)
- IUCLID Dataset

2) Date of preparation of the first version of the MSDS : 2012.11.30

3) Revised frequency and Date of preparation of the latest version of the MSDS : 2017-10-26 (4)

4) Others :

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided in this MSDS document is correct. Access to this information is being provided via the Internet so that it can be made available to as many potential users as possible. We do not assume any liability for consequences of the use of this information since it may be applied under conditions beyond our control or knowledge. Also, it is possible that additional data could be made available after this MSDS was issued.

Certain hazards are described herein, however these may not be the only hazards that exist. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.

Customers are encouraged to review this information, follow precautions, and comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the use and disposal of this product.

For specific technical data or advice concerning this product as supplied in your country



please contact your local sales representative.

The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.



3) Other hazards which do not result in classification

Component	NFPA	Health	Fire	Reactivity
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic		1	1	0

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### 3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

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Component	Synonyms	CAS No.	Content(%)
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic	Hydrotreated (severe) heavy paraffinic distillate	64742-54-7	100

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### 4. First Aid Measures

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- 1) Eye contact :
  - Wash eyes thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes.
- 2) Skin contact :
  - Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with plenty of soap and water. Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes.
  - Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
- 3) Inhalation :
  - If overcome by exposure, remove person to fresh air immediately.
  - Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.
  - Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 4) Ingestion :
  - Do not induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 5) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed :
  - May cause slight eye and skin irritation. Not expected to be a sensitizer.
- 6) First-aid treatment and information on medical doctors :
  - Treat symptomatically.
  - Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

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- 1) Recommended(or prohibited) extinguishing media
  - Recommended extinguishing media :
    - Dry chemicals, CO2, water spray, fire fighting foam
  - Prohibited extinguishing media :
    - High pressure water shoot
  - Large fire :
    - fire fighting foam or water spray

2) Specific hazard from chemical material

- Toxicant from combustion : Carbon oxides
- Fire and Explosion Hazards: Slight fire risk

3) Extinguishment :

If it is not dangerous, remove containers from fire areas.

Make hills for further treatment.

avoid Inhalation of material oneself or combustion generation material

Stand against the wind and avoid lower zone.

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## 6. Accidental Release Measures

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1) Necessary actions to protect human health :

If it is not dangerous, stop release safely, do so.

Keep away from water supply facilities and sewage.

Avoid inhalation of materials or combustion products

Avoid heat, flame, spark, and other ignition sources.

2) Necessary actions to protect the environment

– May contaminate water supplies/pollute public waters. Evacuate/limit access.

Equip responders with proper protection.

Prevent flow to sewer/public waters. Stop release. Notify fire and environmental authorities.

Restrict water use for cleanup.

3) Purification and removal methods

Small leak : Only authorized person can access to the hazardous and restricted areas.

Collect spills with proper containers to treat them.

Absorb spills with sand and other non-combustible materials.

Large leak : No data

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## 7. Handling and Storage

---

1) Safety handling :

Avoid contact with skin. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

2) Storage :

Storage in closed containers.

Storage in cool and dry areas.

Ventilation keeps it in a region

Keep away from prohibited materials for mixing.

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## 8. Exposure Control and Personal Protection

---

A. Exposure limits and biological exposure limits of chemical

1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

ACGIH : TWA : No data

STEL : No data

- NIOSH : TWA : No data  
                  STEL : No data
- Biological exposure limits : No data

B. Engineering management :

Ventilation equipment should be explosion–proof if explosive concentrations of dust, vapor or fume are present.

Install local ventilation system.

Comply with limits.

C. Personal protection equipment :

- Respiratory protection :

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable.

Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: Half–face filter respirator

- Eyes protection :

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended for the eyes protection from dusts or mists. A business proprietor should install eyes washing facilities near working areas to protect worker's eyes for emergency.

- Hands protection :

Use proper chemical resistant gloves.

- Human body protection :

Use proper chemical resistant clothes.

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## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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- 1) Appearance : Clear, water like liquid
- 2) Odor : a specific smell of Hydrocarbon
- 3) Odor threshold : No data
- 4) pH : No data
- 5) Melting point/freezing point : No data
- 6) Initial boiling point or boiling range : 300~500 °C
- 7) Flash point : 226 °C (C.O.C)
- 8) Evaporation rate (BuAc=1) : No data
- 9) Flammability(solid, gas) : No data
- 10) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : No data
- 11) Vapor pressure : <0.1 Kpa @ 20 °C

- 12) Solubility : No data
- 13) Vapor density : No data
- 14) Relative density : 0.83
- 15) Partition coefficient: n-octano/water : No data
- 16) Auto-ignition temperature : > 250°C
- 17) Decomposition temperature : No data
- 18) Viscosity : 4.1 cSt(100°C)
- 19) Molecular weight : No data

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## 10. Stability and Reactivity

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- 1) Chemical stability :
  - Stable at room temperature and pressure.
- 2) Toxicant generation possibility during reaction :
  - Not polymerization
- 3) Prohibited conditions :
  - Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources
- 4) Prohibited materials :
  - An Oxidizing agent
- 5) Toxicant during decomposition :
  - Carbon oxides

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## 11. Toxicological Information

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### A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

- Inhalation : May cause slight irritation
- Ingestion : May cause vomit, coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness.
- Skin contact : May cause slight skin irritation.
- Eye contact : May cause slight eye irritation.

### B. Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short or long term exposure

#### 1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

- Acute oral toxicity
  - Oral : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rat
  - Dermal : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rabbit
  - Inhalation : No data
- Skin corrosion/irritation : Expected to be slightly irritating (Rabbit)
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No irritating (Rabbit)

- Respiratory sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Skin sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Carcinogenicity : MOL, OSHA, IARC : No data
- Germ cell mutagenicity : Negative (Ames test)
- Reproductive toxicity : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(single exposure) : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(repeated exposure) : No data
- Aspiration hazard : No data

C. Numerical measures of toxicity(such as ATE) : No data

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## 12. Ecological Information

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A. Hazardous to the aquatic environment :

- Fish : No data
- Crustacea : No data
- Algae : No data

B. Persistence and degradability :

- No data

C. Bioaccumulative potential

- Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate

D. Mobility in soil :

- No data

E. Other adverse effects :

- No data

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## 13. Disposal Considerations

---

1) Disposal methods :

Use only licensed transporters and permitted facilities for waste disposal.

2) Disposal cautions :

Dispose according to the related regulations

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## 14. Transport Information

---

This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

1) UN number : Not applicable

2) UN Proper Shipping Name : Not applicable

3) Transport hazard classes : Not applicable

4) Packing group, if applicable : Not applicable

5) Environmental hazards : Not applicable

6) Special precautions for user : Not applicable

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## 15. Regulatory Information

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A. Industrial safety and health act (Korea)

Not determined

B. Toxic chemical substance subject to management act (Korea)

Not determined

C. Dangerous Goods Safe Control Act (Korea)

Category 4 Dangerous Goods (Flammable Liquids), Grade 4 petroleum chemicals

D. Wastes control act (Korea)

No data

E. Other internal and foreign acts

EU classification : Not determined

U.S. acts

- |                             |                |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| - OSHA (29CFR1910.119) :    | Not determined |
| - CERCLA 103 (40CFR302.4) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 302 (40CFR355.30) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 304 (40CFR355.40) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 313 (40CFR372.65) : | Not determined |

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## 16. Other Information

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1) References

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- MSDS of raw material from supplier
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# Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

<b>Product</b>	<b>Kixx Process PO 6</b>
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<b>Team</b>	<b>Date of first preparation</b>	<b>Date of last revision</b>	<b>Revision Number</b>
<b>Finished Lubricants R&amp;D Team</b>	<b>2012-11-30</b>	<b>2017-10-26</b>	<b>4</b>

## 1. Chemical Product and Company Information

- 1) Product : Kixx Process PO 6
- 2) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
  - Recommended use : Lubricants, Process Oil
  - Restrictions on use :
- 3) Manufacture/Supplier information
  - Supply company : GS Caltex Corporation
  - Address : Nonhyeon-ro 508(Yeoksam-dong), Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
  - Information service or emergency call : 82-2-1899-5145
  - Department in charge : Finished Lubricants R&D Team

## 2. Hazards Identification

- 1) Classification of the substance or mixture
  - NOT HAZARDOUS
- 2) GHS labels, including precautionary statements
  - Symbol : No symbol
  - Signal word : No signal word
  - Hazard statement
    - Not classified as a hazard under GHS criteria.
  - Precautionary statement
    - Prevention
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Response
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Storage
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Disposal
      - No precautionary phrases

3) Other hazards which do not result in classification

Component	NFPA	Health	Fire	Reactivity
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic		0	1	0

---

### 3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

---

Component	Synonyms	CAS No.	Content(%)
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic	Hydrotreated (severe) heavy paraffinic distillate	64742-54-7	100

---

### 4. First Aid Measures

---

- 1) Eye contact :
  - Wash eyes thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes.
- 2) Skin contact :
  - Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with plenty of soap and water. Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes.
  - Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
- 3) Inhalation :
  - If overcome by exposure, remove person to fresh air immediately.
  - Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.
  - Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 4) Ingestion :
  - Do not induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 5) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed :
  - May cause slight eye and skin irritation. Not expected to be a sensitizer.
- 6) First-aid treatment and information on medical doctors :
  - Treat symptomatically.
  - Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

---

- 1) Recommended(or prohibited) extinguishing media
  - Recommended extinguishing media :
    - Dry chemicals, CO2, water spray, fire fighting foam
  - Prohibited extinguishing media :
    - High pressure water shoot
  - Large fire :
    - fire fighting foam or water spray
- 2) Specific hazard from chemical material
  - Toxicant from combustion : Carbon oxides

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Slight fire risk

3) Extinguishment :

If it is not dangerous, remove containers from fire areas.

Make hills for further treatment.

avoid Inhalation of material oneself or combustion generation material

Stand against the wind and avoid lower zone.

---

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

---

1) Necessary actions to protect human health :

If it is not dangerous, stop release safely, do so.

Keep away from water supply facilities and sewage.

Avoid inhalation of materials or combustion products

Avoid heat, flame, spark, and other ignition sources.

2) Necessary actions to protect the environment

– May contaminate water supplies/pollute public waters. Evacuate/limit access.

Equip responders with proper protection.

Prevent flow to sewer/public waters. Stop release. Notify fire and environmental authorities.

Restrict water use for cleanup.

3) Purification and removal methods

Small leak : Only authorized person can access to the hazardous and restricted areas.

Collect spills with proper containers to treat them.

Absorb spills with sand and other non-combustible materials.

Large leak : No data

---

## 7. Handling and Storage

---

1) Safety handling :

Avoid contact with skin. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

2) Storage :

Storage in closed containers.

Storage in cool and dry areas.

Ventilation keeps it in a region

Keep away from prohibited materials for mixing.

---

## 8. Exposure Control and Personal Protection

---

A. Exposure limits and biological exposure limits of chemical

1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

ACGIH : TWA : No data

STEL : No data

NIOSH : TWA : No data

STEL : No data

Biological exposure limits : No data

B. Engineering management :

Ventilation equipment should be explosion-proof if explosive concentrations of dust, vapor or fume are present.

Install local ventilation system.

Comply with limits.

C. Personal protection equipment :

Respiratory protection :

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate.

Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable.

Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: Half-face filter respirator

Eyes protection :

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended for the eyes protection from dusts or mists. A business proprietor should install eyes washing facilities near working areas to protect worker's eyes for emergency.

Hands protection :

Use proper chemical resistant gloves.

Human body protection :

Use proper chemical resistant clothes.

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## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

---

- 1) Appearance : Clear, water like liquid
- 2) Odor : a specific smell of Hydrocarbon
- 3) Odor threshold : No data
- 4) pH : No data
- 5) Melting point/freezing point : No data
- 6) Initial boiling point or boiling range : 300~500 °C
- 7) Flash point : 234 °C (C.O.C)
- 8) Evaporation rate (BuAc=1) : No data
- 9) Flammability(solid, gas) : No data
- 10) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : No data
- 11) Vapor pressure : <0.1 Kpa @ 20 °C
- 12) Solubility : No data

- 13) Vapor density : No data
- 14) Relative density : 0.84
- 15) Partition coefficient: n-octano/water : No data
- 16) Auto-ignition temperature : > 250°C
- 17) Decomposition temperature : No data
- 18) Viscosity : 5.8 cSt(100°C)
- 19) Molecular weight : No data

---

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

---

- 1) Chemical stability :
  - Stable at room temperature and pressure.
- 2) Toxicant generation possibility during reaction :
  - Not polymerization
- 3) Prohibited conditions :
  - Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources
- 4) Prohibited materials :
  - An Oxidizing agent
- 5) Toxicant during decomposition :
  - Carbon oxides

---

## 11. Toxicological Information

---

### A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

- Inhalation : May cause slight irritation
- Ingestion : May cause vomit, coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness.
- Skin contact : May cause slight skin irritation.
- Eye contact : May cause slight eye irritation.

### B. Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short or long term exposure

#### 1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

- Acute oral toxicity
  - Oral : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rat
  - Dermal : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rabbit
  - Inhalation : No data
- Skin corrosion/irritation : Expected to be slightly irritating (Rabbit)
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No irritating (Rabbit)
- Respiratory sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Skin sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)

- Carcinogenicity : MOL, OSHA, IARC : No data
- Germ cell mutagenicity : Negative (Ames test)
- Reproductive toxicity : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(single exposure) : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(repeated exposure) : No data
- Aspiration hazard : No data

C. Numerical measures of toxicity(such as ATE) : No data

---

## 12. Ecological Information

---

A. Hazardous to the aquatic environment :

- Fish : No data
- Crustacea : No data
- Algae : No data

B. Persistence and degradability :

- No data

C. Bioaccumulative potential

- Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate

D. Mobility in soil :

- No data

E. Other adverse effects :

- No data

---

## 13. Disposal Considerations

---

1) Disposal methods :

Use only licensed transporters and permitted facilities for waste disposal.

2) Disposal cautions :

Dispose according to the related regulations

---

## 14. Transport Information

---

This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

1) UN number : Not applicable

2) UN Proper Shipping Name : Not applicable

3) Transport hazard classes : Not applicable

4) Packing group, if applicable : Not applicable

5) Environmental hazards : Not applicable

6) Special precautions for user : Not applicable

---

## 15. Regulatory Information

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- A. Industrial safety and health act (Korea)  
Not determined
- B. Chemical control act (Korea)  
Not determined
- C. Dangerous Goods Safe Control Act (Korea)  
Category 4 Dangerous Goods (Flammable Liquids), Grade 4 petroleum chemicals
- D. Wastes control act (Korea)  
No data
- E. Other internal and foreign acts
- EU classification : Not determined
  - U.S. acts
    - OSHA (29CFR1910.119) : Not determined
    - CERCLA 103 (40CFR302.4) : Not determined
    - EPCRA 302 (40CFR355.30) : Not determined
    - EPCRA 304 (40CFR355.40) : Not determined
    - EPCRA 313 (40CFR372.65) : Not determined

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## 16. Other Information

---

- 1) References
- Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency
  - GS Caltex R&D Center
  - MSDS of raw material from supplier
  - KOSHANET
  - Occupation safety and health acts of Korea
  - Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals (GHS), First revised edition, United Nations
  - EINECS(European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
  - ACGIH(American Conference of Governmental Safety and Health)
  - IUCLID Dataset
- 2) Date of preparation of the first version of the MSDS : 2012.11.30
- 3) Revised frequency and Date of preparation of the latest version of the MSDS : 2017-10-26 (4)
- 4) Others :
- To the best of our knowledge, the information provided in this MSDS document is correct. Access to this information is being provided via the Internet so that it can be made available to as many potential users as possible. We do not assume any liability for consequences of the use of this information since it may be applied under conditions beyond our control or knowledge. Also, it is possible that additional data could be made available after this MSDS was issued.
- Certain hazards are described herein, however these may not be the only hazards that exist.



All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.  
Customers are encouraged to review this information, follow precautions, and comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the use and disposal of this product.  
For specific technical data or advice concerning this product as supplied in your country please contact your local sales representative.  
The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.



# Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

<b>Product</b>	<b>Kixx Process PO 8</b>		
<b>Team</b>	<b>Date of first preparation</b>	<b>Date of last revision</b>	<b>Revision Number</b>
<b>Finished Lubricants R&amp;D Team</b>	<b>2012-11-30</b>	<b>2017-10-26</b>	<b>4</b>

## 1. Chemical Product and Company Information

- 1) Product : Kixx Process PO 8
- 2) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
  - Recommended use : Lubricants, Process Oil
  - Restrictions on use :
- 3) Manufacture/Supplier information
  - Supply company : GS Caltex Corporation
  - Address : Nonhyeon-ro 508(Yeoksam-dong), Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
  - Information service or emergency call : 82-2-1899-5145
  - Department in charge : Finished Lubricants R&D Team

## 2. Hazards Identification

- 1) Classification of the substance or mixture
  - NOT HAZARDOUS
- 2) GHS labels, including precautionary statements
  - Symbol : No symbol
  - Signal word : No signal word
  - Hazard statement
    - Not classified as a hazard under GHS criteria.
  - Precautionary statement
    - Prevention
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Response
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Storage
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Disposal
      - No precautionary phrases

3) Other hazards which do not result in classification

Component	NFPA	Health	Fire	Reactivity
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic		0	1	0

---

### 3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

---

Component	Synonyms	CAS No.	Content(%)
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic	Hydrotreated (severe) heavy paraffinic distillate	64742-54-7	100

---

### 4. First Aid Measures

---

- 1) Eye contact :
  - Wash eyes thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes.
- 2) Skin contact :
  - Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with plenty of soap and water. Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes.
  - Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
- 3) Inhalation :
  - If overcome by exposure, remove person to fresh air immediately.
  - Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.
  - Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 4) Ingestion :
  - Do not induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 5) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed :
  - May cause slight eye and skin irritation. Not expected to be a sensitizer.
- 6) First-aid treatment and information on medical doctors :
  - Treat symptomatically.
  - Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

---

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

---

- 1) Recommended(or prohibited) extinguishing media
  - Recommended extinguishing media :
    - Dry chemicals, CO2, water spray, fire fighting foam
  - Prohibited extinguishing media :
    - High pressure water shoot
  - Large fire :
    - fire fighting foam or water spray
- 2) Specific hazard from chemical material
  - Toxicant from combustion : Carbon oxides

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Slight fire risk

3) Extinguishment :

If it is not dangerous, remove containers from fire areas.

Make hills for further treatment.

avoid Inhalation of material oneself or combustion generation material

Stand against the wind and avoid lower zone.

---

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

---

1) Necessary actions to protect human health :

If it is not dangerous, stop release safely, do so.

Keep away from water supply facilities and sewage.

Avoid inhalation of materials or combustion products

Avoid heat, flame, spark, and other ignition sources.

2) Necessary actions to protect the environment

– May contaminate water supplies/pollute public waters. Evacuate/limit access.

Equip responders with proper protection.

Prevent flow to sewer/public waters. Stop release. Notify fire and environmental authorities.

Restrict water use for cleanup.

3) Purification and removal methods

Small leak : Only authorized person can access to the hazardous and restricted areas.

Collect spills with proper containers to treat them.

Absorb spills with sand and other non-combustible materials.

Large leak : No data

---

## 7. Handling and Storage

---

1) Safety handling :

Avoid contact with skin. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

2) Storage :

Storage in closed containers.

Storage in cool and dry areas.

Ventilation keeps it in a region

Keep away from prohibited materials for mixing.

---

## 8. Exposure Control and Personal Protection

---

A. Exposure limits and biological exposure limits of chemical

1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

ACGIH : TWA : No data

STEL : No data

NIOSH : TWA : No data

STEL : No data

Biological exposure limits : No data

B. Engineering management :

Ventilation equipment should be explosion-proof if explosive concentrations of dust, vapor or fume are present.

Install local ventilation system.

Comply with limits.

C. Personal protection equipment :

Respiratory protection :

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable.

Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: Half-face filter respirator

Eyes protection :

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended for the eyes protection from dusts or mists. A business proprietor should install eyes washing facilities near working areas to protect worker's eyes for emergency.

Hands protection :

Use proper chemical resistant gloves.

Human body protection :

Use proper chemical resistant clothes.

---

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

---

- 1) Appearance : Clear, water like liquid
- 2) Odor : a specific smell of Hydrocarbon
- 3) Odor threshold : No data
- 4) pH : No data
- 5) Melting point/freezing point : No data
- 6) Initial boiling point or boiling range : 300~500 °C
- 7) Flash point : 260 °C (C.O.C)
- 8) Evaporation rate (BuAc=1) : No data
- 9) Flammability(solid, gas) : No data
- 10) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : No data
- 11) Vapor pressure : <0.1 Kpa @ 20 °C
- 12) Solubility : No data

- 13) Vapor density : No data
- 14) Relative density : 0.85
- 15) Partition coefficient: n-octano/water : No data
- 16) Auto-ignition temperature : > 250°C
- 17) Decomposition temperature : No data
- 18) Viscosity : 7.9 cSt(100°C)
- 19) Molecular weight : No data

---

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

---

- 1) Chemical stability :
  - Stable at room temperature and pressure.
- 2) Toxicant generation possibility during reaction :
  - Not polymerization
- 3) Prohibited conditions :
  - Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources
- 4) Prohibited materials :
  - An Oxidizing agent
- 5) Toxicant during decomposition :
  - Carbon oxides

---

## 11. Toxicological Information

---

### A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

- Inhalation : May cause slight irritation
- Ingestion : May cause vomit, coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness.
- Skin contact : May cause slight skin irritation.
- Eye contact : May cause slight eye irritation.

### B. Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short or long term exposure

#### 1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

- Acute oral toxicity
  - Oral : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rat
  - Dermal : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rabbit
  - Inhalation : No data
- Skin corrosion/irritation : Expected to be slightly irritating (Rabbit)
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No irritating (Rabbit)
- Respiratory sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Skin sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)

- Carcinogenicity : MOL, OSHA, IARC : No data
- Germ cell mutagenicity : Negative (Ames test)
- Reproductive toxicity : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(single exposure) : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(repeated exposure) : No data
- Aspiration hazard : No data

C. Numerical measures of toxicity(such as ATE) : No data

---

## 12. Ecological Information

---

A. Hazardous to the aquatic environment :

- Fish : No data
- Crustacea : No data
- Algae : No data

B. Persistence and degradability :

- No data

C. Bioaccumulative potential

- Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate

D. Mobility in soil :

- No data

E. Other adverse effects :

- No data

---

## 13. Disposal Considerations

---

1) Disposal methods :

Use only licensed transporters and permitted facilities for waste disposal.

2) Disposal cautions :

Dispose according to the related regulations

---

## 14. Transport Information

---

This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

1) UN number : Not applicable

2) UN Proper Shipping Name : Not applicable

3) Transport hazard classes : Not applicable

4) Packing group, if applicable : Not applicable

5) Environmental hazards : Not applicable

6) Special precautions for user : Not applicable

---

## 15. Regulatory Information

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- A. Industrial safety and health act (Korea)  
Not determined
- B. Chemical control act (Korea)  
Not determined
- C. Dangerous Goods Safe Control Act (Korea)  
Category 4 Dangerous Goods (Flammable Liquids), Grade 4 petroleum chemicals
- D. Wastes control act (Korea)  
No data
- E. Other internal and foreign acts
- EU classification : Not determined
  - U.S. acts
    - OSHA (29CFR1910.119) : Not determined
    - CERCLA 103 (40CFR302.4) : Not determined
    - EPCRA 302 (40CFR355.30) : Not determined
    - EPCRA 304 (40CFR355.40) : Not determined
    - EPCRA 313 (40CFR372.65) : Not determined

---

## 16. Other Information

---

### 1) References

- Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency
- GS Caltex R&D Center
- MSDS of raw material from supplier
- KOSHANET
- Occupation safety and health acts of Korea
- Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals (GHS), First revised edition, United Nations
- EINECS(European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
- ACGIH(American Conference of Governmental Safety and Health)
- IUCLID Dataset

2) Date of preparation of the first version of the MSDS : 2012.11.30

3) Revised frequency and Date of preparation of the latest version of the MSDS : 2017-10-26 (4)

### 4) Others :

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided in this MSDS document is correct. Access to this information is being provided via the Internet so that it can be made available to as many potential users as possible. We do not assume any liability for consequences of the use of this information since it may be applied under conditions beyond our control or knowledge. Also, it is possible that additional data could be made available after this MSDS was issued.

Certain hazards are described herein, however these may not be the only hazards that exist.



All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.  
Customers are encouraged to review this information, follow precautions, and comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the use and disposal of this product.  
For specific technical data or advice concerning this product as supplied in your country please contact your local sales representative.  
The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.



# Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

<b>Product</b>	<b>Kixx Process PO 150</b>
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<b>Team</b>	<b>Date of first preparation</b>	<b>Date of last revision</b>	<b>Revision Number</b>
<b>Finished Lubricants R&amp;D Team</b>	<b>2012-11-30</b>	<b>2017-10-26</b>	<b>3</b>

## 1. Chemical Product and Company Information

- 1) Product : Kixx Process PO 150
- 2) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
  - Recommended use : Lubricants, Process Oil
  - Restrictions on use :
- 3) Manufacture/Supplier information
  - Supply company : GS Caltex Corporation
  - Address : Nonhyeon-ro 508(Yeoksam-dong), Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
  - Information service or emergency call : 82-2-1899-5145
  - Department in charge : Finished Lubricants R&D Team

## 2. Hazards Identification

- 1) Classification of the substance or mixture
  - NOT HAZARDOUS
- 2) GHS labels, including precautionary statements
  - Symbol : No symbol
  - Signal word : No signal word
  - Hazard statement
    - Not classified as a hazard under GHS criteria.
  - Precautionary statement
    - Prevention
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Response
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Storage
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Disposal
      - No precautionary phrases
- 3) Other hazards which do not result in classification

Component	NFPA		
	Health	Fire	Reactivity
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic	0	1	0

---

### 3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

---

Component	Synonyms	CAS No.	Content(%)
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic	Hydrotreated (severe) heavy paraffinic distillate	64742-54-7	100

---

### 4. First Aid Measures

---

- 1) Eye contact :
  - Wash eyes thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes.
- 2) Skin contact :
  - Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with plenty of soap and water. Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes.
  - Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
- 3) Inhalation :
  - If overcome by exposure, remove person to fresh air immediately.
  - Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.
  - Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 4) Ingestion :
  - Do not induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 5) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed :
  - May cause slight eye and skin irritation. Not expected to be a sensitizer.
- 6) First-aid treatment and information on medical doctors :
  - Treat symptomatically.
  - Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

---

### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

---

- 1) Recommended(or prohibited) extinguishing media
  - Recommended extinguishing media :
    - Dry chemicals, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray, fire fighting foam
  - Prohibited extinguishing media :
    - High pressure water shoot
  - Large fire :
    - fire fighting foam or water spray
- 2) Specific hazard from chemical material
  - Toxicant from combustion : Carbon oxides
  - Fire and Explosion Hazards: Slight fire risk
- 3) Extinguishment :

If it is not dangerous, remove containers from fire areas.  
Make hills for further treatment.

avoid Inhalation of material oneself or combustion generation material  
Stand against the wind and avoid lower zone.

---

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

---

- 1) Necessary actions to protect human health :  
If it is not dangerous, stop release safely, do so.  
Keep away from water supply facilities and sewage.  
Avoid inhalation of materials or combustion products  
Avoid heat, flame, spark, and other ignition sources.
- 2) Necessary actions to protect the environment  
– May contaminate water supplies/pollute public waters. Evacuate/limit access.  
Equip responders with proper protection.  
Prevent flow to sewer/public waters. Stop release. Notify fire and environmental authorities.  
Restrict water use for cleanup.
- 3) Purification and removal methods
  - Small leak : Only authorized person can access to the hazardous and restricted areas.  
Collect spills with proper containers to treat them.  
Absorb spills with sand and other non-combustible materials.
  - Large leak : No data

---

## 7. Handling and Storage

---

- 1) Safety handling :  
Avoid contact with skin. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.  
Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.  
Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).
- 2) Storage :  
Storage in closed containers.  
Storage in cool and dry areas.  
Ventilation keeps it in a region  
Keep away from prohibited materials for mixing.

---

## 8. Exposure Control and Personal Protection

---

A. Exposure limits and biological exposure limits of chemical

- 1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic
  - ACGIH : TWA : No data  
STEL : No data
  - NIOSH : TWA : No data  
STEL : NO data
  - Biological exposure limits : No data

B. Engineering management :

Ventilation equipment should be explosion-proof if explosive concentrations of dust, vapor or fume are present.

Install local ventilation system.

Comply with limits.

C. Personal protection equipment :

Respiratory protection :

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable.

Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: Half-face filter respirator

Eyes protection :

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended for the eyes protection from dusts or mists. A business proprietor should install eyes washing facilities near working areas to protect worker's eyes for emergency.

Hands protection :

Use proper chemical resistant gloves.

Human body protection :

Use proper chemical resistant clothes.

---

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

---

- 1) Appearance : Clear, water like liquid
- 2) Odor : a specific smell of Hydrocarbon
- 3) Odor threshold : No data
- 4) pH : No data
- 5) Melting point/freezing point : No data
- 6) Initial boiling point or boiling range : > 204 °C
- 7) Flash point : 228 °C (C.O.C)
- 8) Evaporation rate (BuAc=1) : No data
- 9) Flammability(solid, gas) : No data
- 10) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : No data
- 11) Vapor pressure : <0.1 Kpa @ 20 °C
- 12) Solubility : No data
- 13) Vapor density : No data
- 14) Relative density : 0.86

15) Partition coefficient: n-octano/water : No data

16) Auto-ignition temperature : No data

17) Decomposition temperature : No data

18) Viscosity : 29.59 cSt(40°C)

19) Molecular weight : No data

---

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

---

1) Chemical stability :

- Stable at room temperature and pressure.

2) Toxicant generation possibility during reaction :

- Not polymerization

3) Prohibited conditions :

- Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources

4) Prohibited materials :

- An Oxidizing agent

5) Toxicant during decomposition :

- Carbon oxides

---

## 11. Toxicological Information

---

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

- Inhalation : May cause slight irritation
- Ingestion : May cause vomit, coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness.
- Skin contact : May cause slight skin irritation.
- Eye contact : May cause slight eye irritation.

B. Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short or long term exposure

1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

- Acute oral toxicity
  - Oral : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rat
  - Dermal : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rabbit
  - Inhalation : No data
- Skin corrosion/irritation : Expected to be slightly irritating (Rabbit)
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No irritating (Rabbit)
- Respiratory sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Skin sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Carcinogenicity : MOL, OSHA, IARC : No data
- Germ cell mutagenicity : Negative (Ames test)
- Reproductive toxicity : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(single exposure) : No data

- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(repeated exposure) : No data
- Aspiration hazard : No data

C. Numerical measures of toxicity(such as ATE) : No data

---

## 12. Ecological Information

---

A. Hazardous to the aquatic environment :

- Fish : No data
- Crustacea : No data
- Algae : No data

B. Persistence and degradability :

- No data

C. Bioaccumulative potential

- Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate

D. Mobility in soil :

- No data

E. Other adverse effects :

- No data

---

## 13. Disposal Considerations

---

1) Disposal methods :

Use only licensed transporters and permitted facilities for waste disposal.

2) Disposal cautions :

Dispose according to the related regulations

---

## 14. Transport Information

---

This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

1) UN number : Not applicable

2) UN Proper Shipping Name : Not applicable

3) Transport hazard classes : Not applicable

4) Packing group, if applicable : Not applicable

5) Environmental hazards : Not applicable

6) Special precautions for user : Not applicable

---

## 15. Regulatory Information

---

A. Industrial safety and health act (Korea)

Not determined

B. Chemical control act (Korea)

Not determined

C. Dangerous Goods Safe Control Act (Korea)

Category 4 Dangerous Goods (Flammable Liquids), Grade 4 petroleum chemicals

D. Wastes control act (Korea)

No data

E. Other internal and foreign acts

EU classification : Not determined

U.S. acts

- |                             |                |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| - OSHA (29CFR1910.119) :    | Not determined |
| - CERCLA 103 (40CFR302.4) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 302 (40CFR355.30) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 304 (40CFR355.40) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 313 (40CFR372.65) : | Not determined |

---

## 16. Other Information

---

1) References

- Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency
- GS Caltex R&D Center
- MSDS of raw material from supplier
- KOSHANET
- Occupation safety and health acts of Korea
- Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals (GHS), First revised edition, United Nations
- EINECS(European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
- ACGIH(American Conference of Governmental Safety and Health)
- IUCLID Dataset

2) Date of preparation of the first version of the MSDS : 2012.11.30

3) Revised frequency and Date of preparation of the latest version of the MSDS : 2017-10-26 (3)

4) Others :

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided in this MSDS document is correct. Access to this information is being provided via the Internet so that it can be made available to as many potential users as possible. We do not assume any liability for consequences of the use of this information since it may be applied under conditions beyond our control or knowledge. Also, it is possible that additional data could be made available after this MSDS was issued.

Certain hazards are described herein, however these may not be the only hazards that exist. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.

Customers are encouraged to review this information, follow precautions, and comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the use and disposal of this product.

For specific technical data or advice concerning this product as supplied in your country please contact your local sales representative.



The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.



# Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

<b>Product</b>	<b>Kixx Process PO 220</b>		
<b>Team</b>	<b>Date of first preparation</b>	<b>Date of last revision</b>	<b>Revision Number</b>
<b>Finished Lubricants R&amp;D Team</b>	<b>2012-11-30</b>	<b>2017-10-26</b>	<b>3</b>

## 1. Chemical Product and Company Information

- 1) Product : Kixx Process PO 220
- 2) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
  - Recommended use : Lubricants, Process Oil
  - Restrictions on use :
- 3) Manufacture/Supplier information
  - Supply company : GS Caltex Corporation
  - Address : Nonhyeon-ro 508(Yeoksam-dong), Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
  - Information service or emergency call : 82-2-1899-5145
  - Department in charge : Finished Lubricants R&D Team

## 2. Hazards Identification

- 1) Classification of the substance or mixture
  - NOT HAZARDOUS
- 2) GHS labels, including precautionary statements
  - Symbol : No symbol
  - Signal word : No signal word
  - Hazard statement
    - Not classified as a hazard under GHS criteria.
  - Precautionary statement
    - Prevention
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Response
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Storage
      - No precautionary phrases
    - Disposal
      - No precautionary phrases

3) Other hazards which do not result in classification

Component	NFPA	Health	Fire	Reactivity
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic		0	1	0

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### 3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

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Component	Synonyms	CAS No.	Content(%)
1. Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic	Hydrotreated (severe) heavy paraffinic distillate	64742-54-7	100

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### 4. First Aid Measures

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- 1) Eye contact :
  - Wash eyes thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes.
- 2) Skin contact :
  - Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with plenty of soap and water. Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes.
  - Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
- 3) Inhalation :
  - If overcome by exposure, remove person to fresh air immediately.
  - Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed.
  - Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 4) Ingestion :
  - Do not induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.
- 5) Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed :
  - May cause slight eye and skin irritation. Not expected to be a sensitizer.
- 6) First-aid treatment and information on medical doctors :
  - Treat symptomatically.
  - Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

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### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

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- 1) Recommended(or prohibited) extinguishing media
  - Recommended extinguishing media :
    - Dry chemicals, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray, fire fighting foam
  - Prohibited extinguishing media :
    - High pressure water shoot
  - Large fire :
    - fire fighting foam or water spray

2) Specific hazard from chemical material

- Toxicant from combustion : Carbon oxides
- Fire and Explosion Hazards: Slight fire risk

3) Extinguishment :

If it is not dangerous, remove containers from fire areas.

Make hills for further treatment.

avoid Inhalation of material oneself or combustion generation material

Stand against the wind and avoid lower zone.

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## 6. Accidental Release Measures

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1) Necessary actions to protect human health :

If it is not dangerous, stop release safely, do so.

Keep away from water supply facilities and sewage.

Avoid inhalation of materials or combustion products

Avoid heat, flame, spark, and other ignition sources.

2) Necessary actions to protect the environment

– May contaminate water supplies/pollute public waters. Evacuate/limit access.

Equip responders with proper protection.

Prevent flow to sewer/public waters. Stop release. Notify fire and environmental authorities.

Restrict water use for cleanup.

3) Purification and removal methods

- Small leak : Only authorized person can access to the hazardous and restricted areas.

Collect spills with proper containers to treat them.

Absorb spills with sand and other non-combustible materials.

- Large leak : No data

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## 7. Handling and Storage

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1) Safety handling :

Avoid contact with skin. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures.

Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard.

Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

2) Storage :

Storage in closed containers.

Storage in cool and dry areas.

Ventilation keeps it in a region

Keep away from prohibited materials for mixing.

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## 8. Exposure Control and Personal Protection

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A. Exposure limits and biological exposure limits of chemical

1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic

- ACGIH : TWA : No data

STEL : No data

- NIOSH : TWA : No data  
STEL : No data
- Biological exposure limits : No data

B. Engineering management :

Ventilation equipment should be explosion–proof if explosive concentrations of dust, vapor or fume are present.

Install local ventilation system.

Comply with limits.

C. Personal protection equipment :

- Respiratory protection :

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable.

Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: Half–face filter respirator

- Eyes protection :

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended for the eyes protection from dusts or mists. A business proprietor should install eyes washing facilities near working areas to protect worker's eyes for emergency.

- Hands protection :

Use proper chemical resistant gloves.

- Human body protection :

Use proper chemical resistant clothes.

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## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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- 1) Appearance : Clear, water like liquid
- 2) Odor : a specific smell of Hydrocarbon
- 3) Odor threshold : No data
- 4) pH : No data
- 5) Melting point/freezing point : No data
- 6) Initial boiling point or boiling range : > 204°C
- 7) Flash point : 240°C (C.O.C)
- 8) Evaporation rate (BuAc=1) : No data
- 9) Flammability(solid, gas) : No data
- 10) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : No data
- 11) Vapor pressure : <0.1 Kpa @ 20°C
- 12) Solubility : No data

- 13) Vapor density : No data
- 14) Relative density : 0.863
- 15) Partition coefficient: n-octano/water : No data
- 16) Auto-ignition temperature : No data
- 17) Decomposition temperature : No data
- 18) Viscosity : 50.0 cSt(40°C)
- 19) Molecular weight : No data

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## 10. Stability and Reactivity

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- 1) Chemical stability :
  - Stable at room temperature and pressure.
- 2) Toxicant generation possibility during reaction :
  - Not polymerization
- 3) Prohibited conditions :
  - Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources
- 4) Prohibited materials :
  - An Oxidizing agent
- 5) Toxicant during decomposition :
  - Carbon oxides

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## 11. Toxicological Information

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### A. Information on the likely routes of exposure

- Inhalation : May cause slight irritation
- Ingestion : May cause vomit, coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness.
- Skin contact : May cause slight skin irritation.
- Eye contact : May cause slight eye irritation.

### B. Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short or long term exposure

- 1) Distillates, Hydrotreated Heavy Paraffinic
  - Acute oral toxicity
    - Oral : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rat
    - Dermal : LD50 > 5000mg/bw Rabbit
    - Inhalation : No data
  - Skin corrosion/irritation : Expected to be slightly irritating (Rabbit)
  - Serious eye damage/eye irritation : No irritating (Rabbit)
  - Respiratory sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)

- Skin sensitization : Not determined (guinea pig)
- Carcinogenicity : MOL, OSHA, IARC : No data
- Germ cell mutagenicity : Negative (Ames test)
- Reproductive toxicity : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(single exposure) : No data
- Specific target organ systemic toxicity(repeated exposure) : No data
- Aspiration hazard : No data

C. Numerical measures of toxicity(such as ATE) : No data

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## 12. Ecological Information

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A. Hazardous to the aquatic environment :

- Fish : No data
- Crustacea : No data
- Algae : No data

B. Persistence and degradability :

- No data

C. Bioaccumulative potential

- Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate

D. Mobility in soil :

- No data

E. Other adverse effects :

- No data

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## 13. Disposal Considerations

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1) Disposal methods :

Use only licensed transporters and permitted facilities for waste disposal.

2) Disposal cautions :

Dispose according to the related regulations

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## 14. Transport Information

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This product is not regulated for carriage according to ADR/RID, ADN, IMDG, ICAO/IATA.

1) UN number : Not applicable

2) UN Proper Shipping Name : Not applicable

3) Transport hazard classes : Not applicable

4) Packing group, if applicable : Not applicable

5) Environmental hazards : Not applicable

6) Special precautions for user : Not applicable

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## 15. Regulatory Information

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A. Industrial safety and health act (Korea)

Not determined

B. Chemical control act (Korea)

Not determined

C. Dangerous Goods Safe Control Act (Korea)

Category 4 Dangerous Goods (Flammable Liquids), Grade 4 petroleum chemicals

D. Wastes control act (Korea)

No data

E. Other internal and foreign acts

EU classification : Not determined

U.S. acts

- |                             |                |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| - OSHA (29CFR1910.119) :    | Not determined |
| - CERCLA 103 (40CFR302.4) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 302 (40CFR355.30) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 304 (40CFR355.40) : | Not determined |
| - EPCRA 313 (40CFR372.65) : | Not determined |

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## 16. Other Information

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1) References

- Korea Occupational Safety & Health Agency
- GS Caltex R&D Center
- MSDS of raw material from supplier
- KOSHANET
- Occupation safety and health acts of Korea
- Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals (GHS), First revised edition, United Nations
- EINECS(European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
- ACGIH(American Conference of Governmental Safety and Health)
- IUCLID Dataset

2) Date of preparation of the first version of the MSDS : 2012.11.30

3) Revised frequency and Date of preparation of the latest version of the MSDS : 2017-10-26 (3)

4) Others :

To the best of our knowledge, the information provided in this MSDS document is correct. Access to this information is being provided via the Internet so that it can be made available to as many potential users as possible. We do not assume any liability for consequences of the use of this information since it may be applied under conditions beyond our control or knowledge. Also, it is possible that additional data could be made available after this MSDS was issued.

Certain hazards are described herein, however these may not be the only hazards that exist.



All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution.  
Customers are encouraged to review this information, follow precautions, and comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding the use and disposal of this product.  
For specific technical data or advice concerning this product as supplied in your country please contact your local sales representative.  
The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.